



CHAPTER 99A

N.C.G.S. § 99A-2.

Recovery of damages for exceeding the scope of authorized access to property.

SOURCE	LAST AMENDMENT IN THIS TEXT	RETRIEVED	SOURCE FINGERPRINT
General Statutes of North Carolina, as published by the General Assembly	No amendment history on record	21 September 2026, 02:05 UTC	0a21881b8702fb9e8871617b - a813b1edd4fa54465c795dcb - 8ace2527ba9f3007

§ 99A-2(a) Any person who intentionally gains access to the nonpublic areas of another's premises and engages in an act that exceeds the person's authority to enter those areas is liable to the owner or operator of the premises for any damages sustained. For the purposes of this section, "nonpublic areas" shall mean those areas not accessible to or not intended to be accessed by the general public.

§ 99A-2(b) For the purposes of this section, an act that exceeds a person's authority to enter the nonpublic areas of another's premises is any of the following:

- (1) An employee who enters the nonpublic areas of an employer's premises for a reason other than a bona fide intent of seeking or holding employment or doing business with the employer and thereafter without authorization captures or removes the employer's data, paper, records, or any other documents and uses the information to breach the person's duty of loyalty to the employer.
- (2) An employee who intentionally enters the nonpublic areas of an employer's premises for a reason other than a bona fide intent of seeking or holding employment or doing business with the employer and thereafter without authorization records images or sound occurring within an employer's premises and uses the recording to breach the person's duty of loyalty to the employer.
- (3) Knowingly or intentionally placing on the employer's premises an unattended camera or electronic surveillance device and using that device to record images or data.

- (4) Conspiring in organized retail theft, as defined in Article 16A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes.
- (5) An act that substantially interferes with the ownership or possession of real property.

§ 99A-2(c) Any person who intentionally directs, assists, compensates, or induces another person to violate this section shall be jointly liable.

§ 99A-2(d) A court may award to a party who prevails in an action brought pursuant to this section one or more of the following remedies:

- (1) Equitable relief.
- (2) Compensatory damages as otherwise allowed by State or federal law.
- (3) Costs and fees, including reasonable attorneys' fees.
- (4) Exemplary damages as otherwise allowed by State or federal law in the amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each day, or portion thereof, that a defendant has acted in violation of subsection (a) of this section.

§ 99A-2(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish the protections provided to employees under Article 21 of Chapter 95 or Article 14 of Chapter 126 of the General Statutes, nor may any party who is covered by these Articles be liable under this section.

§ 99A-2(f) This section shall not apply to any governmental agency or law enforcement officer engaged in a lawful investigation of the premises or the owner or operator of the premises.

§ 99A-2(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any other remedy available at common law or provided by the General Statutes. (2015-50, s. 1.)

APPARATUS III

Citation

FULL SECTION

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 99A-2 (2026).

PINPOINT

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 99A-2(a) (2026).

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