



CHAPTER 7A
ARTICLE 62 - LOCAL JUDICIALLY MANAGED ACCOUNTABILITY AND RECOVERY COURT ACT

N.C.G.S. § 7A-796.

Local judicially managed accountability and recovery court committees.

SOURCE	LAST AMENDMENT IN THIS TEXT	RETRIEVED	SOURCE FINGERPRINT
General Statutes of North Carolina, as published by the General Assembly	S.L. 2023-134, s. 16.6(b) — eighth act in the lineage	21 September 2026, 01:26 UTC	fd31c2a3ae52a5dccc6d61c3 - 200386f0798d1ca4f218dbaf - f5f5044bd0ec6523

Each judicial district choosing to establish a local judicially managed accountability and recovery court shall form a local judicially managed accountability and recovery court committee, which shall be comprised to assure representation appropriate to the type or types of local judicially managed accountability and recovery court operations to be conducted in the district and shall consist of persons appointed by the senior resident superior court judge with the concurrence of the chief district court judge and the district attorney for that district, chosen from the following list:

A judge of the superior court.

A judge of the district court.

A district attorney or assistant district attorney.

A public defender or assistant public defender in judicial districts served by a public defender, a member of the private criminal defense bar, or a member of the private bar who represents respondents in department of social services juvenile matters.

An attorney representing a county department of social services, the director or director's designee of the child welfare services division of a county department of social services, or a representative of the guardian ad litem from within the district.

Repealed by Session Law 2021-180.

Repealed by Session Law 2021-180.

Repealed by Session Law 2021-180.

A clerk of superior court.

05	2008	S.L. 2008-187, s. 4	AMENDED
06	2021	S.L. 2021-180, s. 16.5(a)	AMENDED
07	2022	S.L. 2022-6, s. 8.2(d)	AMENDED
08	2023	S.L. 2023-134, s. 16.6(b)	AMENDED

APPARATUS III

Citation

FULL SECTION

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 7A-796 (2023).

Pinpoint keys are set in the left margin of the text rather than line numbers: subsection designators are stable across editions and paper sizes, line numbers are not.

COLOPHON

Provenance

This document reproduces the text of one section of the General Statutes of North Carolina from a source file whose SHA-256 digest is printed on every page. The digest fixes the bytes this export was made from; if the State's file changes, the digest will not match.

The text of the section is unaltered. Subsection designators have been moved from the run of text into the margin. The amendment history and the table of authorities are derived from the section by mechanical extraction — they add no characterization of the law.

This is not the official text. The official text is published by the General Assembly of North Carolina.

HISTORY PARENTHETICAL, AS PRINTED BY THE STATE

(1995, c. 507, s. 21.6(a); 1998-23, s. 9; 1998-212, s. 16.15(a), (f); 2001-424, s. 22.8(e); 2008-187, s. 4; 2021-180, s. 16.5(a); 2022-6, s. 8.2(d); 2023-134, s. 16.6(b).)

SET IN SPECTRAL AND ARCHIVO
NORTH CAROLINA LAW — STATUTE EXPORT, FORMAT V1

