



CHAPTER 20

ARTICLE 2 - UNIFORM DRIVER'S LICENSE ACT

N.C.G.S. § 20-17.5.

Effect of disqualification.

SOURCE	LAST AMENDMENT IN THIS TEXT	RETRIEVED	SOURCE FINGERPRINT
General Statutes of North Carolina, as published by the General Assembly	c. 726, s. 9 — first act in the lineage	21 September 2026, 02:14 UTC	80d55ccd8de11a9fa9c4b3a4 - 3b516818f5ec90f8199a9461 - 6cf5394a6d53405a

§ 20-17.5(a)

When No Accompanying Revocation. - A person who is disqualified as the result of a conviction that requires disqualification but not revocation may keep any regular Class C drivers license the person had at the time of the offense resulting in disqualification. If the person had a Class A or Class B regular drivers license or a commercial drivers license when the offense occurred, all of the following apply:

- (1) The person must give the license to the court that convicts the person or, if the person is not present when convicted, to the Division.
- (2) The person may apply for a regular Class C drivers license.

§ 20-17.5(b)

When Revocation and Disqualification. - When a person is disqualified as the result of a conviction that requires both disqualification and revocation, all of the following apply:

- (1) The person must give any drivers license the person has to the court that convicts the person or, if the person is not present when convicted, to the Division.
- (2) The person may obtain limited driving privileges to drive a noncommercial motor vehicle during the revocation period to the extent the law would allow limited driving privileges if the person had been driving a noncommercial motor vehicle when the offense occurred. The same procedure, eligibility requirements, and mandatory conditions apply to limited driving privileges authorized by this subdivision that would apply if the person had been driving a noncommercial motor vehicle when the offense occurred.

- (3) If the disqualification period is longer than the revocation period, the person may apply for a regular Class C drivers license at the end of the revocation period.

§ 20-17.5(c)

Refusal to Take Chemical Test. - When a person is disqualified for refusing to take a chemical test, all of the following apply:

- (1) The person must give any license the person has to a court, a law enforcement officer, or the Division, in accordance with G.S. 20-16.2 and G.S. 20-16.5.
- (2) The person may obtain limited driving privileges to drive a noncommercial motor vehicle during the period the person's license is revoked for the refusal that disqualified the person to the extent the law would allow limited driving privileges if the person had been driving a noncommercial motor vehicle at the time of the refusal. The same procedure, eligibility requirements, and mandatory conditions apply to limited driving privileges authorized by this subdivision that would apply if the person had been driving a noncommercial motor vehicle at the time of the refusal.
- (3) If the disqualification period is longer than the revocation period, the person may apply for a regular Class C drivers license at the end of the revocation period.

§ 20-17.5(d)

Obtaining Class C Regular License. - A person who is authorized by this section to apply for a regular Class C drivers license and who meets all of the following criteria may obtain a regular Class C drivers license without taking a test:

- (1) The person must have had a Class A or Class B regular drivers license or a commercial drivers license when the person was disqualified.
- (2) The person's license must have been issued by the Division.
- (3) The person's license must not have expired by the date the person applies for a regular Class C drivers license.

Upon application and payment of the fee set in G.S. 20-14 for a duplicate license, the Division shall issue a person who meets these criteria a regular Class C drivers license. The license shall include the same endorsements and restrictions as the former Class A regular, Class B regular, or commercial drivers license, to the extent they apply to a regular Class C drivers license. A regular Class C drivers license issued to a person who meets these criteria expires the same day as the license it replaces.

G.S. 20-7 governs the issuance of a regular Class C drivers license to a person who is authorized by this section to apply for a regular Class C drivers license but who does not meet the listed criteria. In accordance with that statute, the Division may require the person to take a test and the person must pay the license fee.

§ 20-17.5(e)

Restoration Fee. - A person who is disqualified must pay the restoration fee set in G.S. 20-7(i1) the first time any of the following events occurs as a result of the same disqualification:

- (1) The Division reinstates a Class A regular drivers license, a Class B regular drivers license, or a commercial drivers license the person had at the time of the disqualification by issuing the person a duplicate license.
- (2) The Division issues a Class A regular drivers license, a Class B regular drivers license, or a commercial drivers license to the person.
- (3) If the person's license was revoked because of the conviction or act requiring disqualification, the Division issues a regular Class C drivers license to the person.

The restoration fee does not apply the second time any of these events occurs as a result of the same disqualification.

END OF SECTION TEXT

APPARATUS FOLLOWS — DERIVED, NOT ENACTED

APPARATUS I
1 ACT

Amendment lineage

The State prints this history as a single parenthetical at the foot of the section. It is reproduced verbatim in the colophon and unpacked below in order of enactment.

1				1991	1992
TICK HEIGHT = ACTS IN THAT YEAR				DASHED = RECODIFICATION, NOT AMENDMENT	
Nº	YEAR	ACT	CHARACTER		
01	1991	c. 726, s. 9	ENACTED		

APPARATUS II
5 AUTHORITIES

Authorities referenced

Every G.S. cross-reference appearing in the text of this section, in order of first appearance. Nothing is characterized; the operative language is quoted from the section itself.

REFERENCE	APPEARS IN	OPERATIVE LANGUAGE IN THIS SECTION
G.S. 20-16.2	(c)(1)	"or the Division, in accordance with"
G.S. 20-16.5	(c)(1)	"in accordance with G.S. 20-16.2 and"
G.S. 20-14	(d)	"payment of the fee set in"
G.S. 20-7	(d)	
G.S. 20-7(i1)	(e)	"pay the restoration fee set in"

APPARATUS III

Citation

FULL SECTION

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 20-17.5 (1991).

PINPOINT

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 20-17.5(a) (1991).

Pinpoint keys are set in the left margin of the text rather than line numbers: subsection designators are stable across editions and paper sizes, line numbers are not.

COLOPHON

Provenance

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HISTORY PARENTHETICAL, AS PRINTED BY THE STATE
(1991, c. 726, s. 9.)

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NORTH CAROLINA LAW — STATUTE EXPORT, FORMAT V1

