



CHAPTER 1C  
ARTICLE 20 - NORTH CAROLINA UNIFORM FOREIGN COUNTRY MONEY JUDGMENTS RECOGNITION ACT

N.C.G.S. § 1C-1854.

Personal jurisdiction.

|                                                                                    |                                                               |                                           |                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SOURCE<br>General Statutes of North Carolina, as published by the General Assembly | LAST AMENDMENT IN THIS TEXT<br>No amendment history on record | RETRIEVED<br>21 September 2026, 02:14 UTC | SOURCE FINGERPRINT<br>156d930a9f587bd1c8d76c8e - 036a4f0565b9f27d3d4dbadc - 9f4974e91160fd43 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

- § 1C-1854(a)      A foreign-country judgment shall not be refused recognition for lack of personal jurisdiction if any of the following exist:
- (1)      The defendant was served with process personally in the foreign country.
  - (2)      The defendant voluntarily appeared in the proceeding, other than for the purpose of protecting property seized or threatened with seizure in the proceeding or of contesting the jurisdiction of the court over the defendant.
  - (3)      The defendant, before the commencement of the proceeding, had agreed to submit to the jurisdiction of the foreign court with respect to the subject matter involved.
  - (4)      The defendant was domiciled in the foreign country when the proceeding was instituted or was a corporation or other form of business organization that had its principal place of business in, or was organized under the laws of, the foreign country.
  - (5)      The defendant had a business office in the foreign country and the proceeding in the foreign court involved a cause of action or claim for relief arising out of business done by the defendant through that office in the foreign country.
  - (6)      The defendant operated a motor vehicle or airplane in the foreign country and the proceeding involved a cause of action or claim for relief arising out of that operation.

- (7) There was any other basis for personal jurisdiction that would be consistent with the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

**§ 1C-1854(b)**

The list of bases for personal jurisdiction in subsection (a) of this section is not exclusive. The courts of this State may recognize reasonable bases of personal jurisdiction other than those listed in subsection (a) of this section as sufficient to support a foreign-country judgment. (2009-325, s. 2.)

END OF SECTION TEXT

APPARATUS FOLLOWS — DERIVED, NOT ENACTED

## APPARATUS III

## Citation

## FULL SECTION

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 1C-1854 (2026).

## PINPOINT

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 1C-1854(a) (2026).

Pinpoint keys are set in the left margin of the text rather than line numbers: subsection designators are stable across editions and paper sizes, line numbers are not.

## COLOPHON

## Provenance

This document reproduces the text of one section of the General Statutes of North Carolina from a source file whose SHA-256 digest is printed on every page. The digest fixes the bytes this export was made from; if the State's file changes, the digest will not match.

The text of the section is unaltered. Subsection designators have been moved from the run of text into the margin. The amendment history and the table of authorities are derived from the section by mechanical extraction — they add no characterization of the law.

This is not the official text. The official text is published by the General Assembly of North Carolina.

SET IN SPECTRAL AND ARCHIVO  
NORTH CAROLINA LAW — STATUTE EXPORT, FORMAT V1

