



CHAPTER 15A  
ARTICLE 16 - ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE

N.C.G.S. § 15A-287.

Interception and disclosure of wire, oral, or electronic communications prohibited.

| SOURCE                                                                   | LAST AMENDMENT IN THIS TEXT             | RETRIEVED                    | SOURCE FINGERPRINT                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| General Statutes of North Carolina, as published by the General Assembly | c. 407, s. 1 — first act in the lineage | 21 September 2026, 03:44 UTC | 97782b0000f61d82fbb8b4c1 - fe8567f36929a45e692a5a54 - 4a81eaa6ffeb2eff |

§ 15A-287(a)

CLASS H FELONY

Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Article, a person is guilty of a Class H felony if, without the consent of at least one party to the communication, the person:

- (1) Willfully intercepts, endeavors to intercept, or procures any other person to intercept or endeavor to intercept, any wire, oral, or electronic communication.
- (2) Willfully uses, endeavors to use, or procures any other person to use or endeavor to use any electronic, mechanical, or other device to intercept any oral communication when:
  - a.The device is affixed to, or otherwise transmits a signal through, a wire, cable, or other like connection used in wire communications; or
  - b.The device transmits communications by radio, or interferes with the transmission of such communications.
- (3) Willfully discloses, or endeavors to disclose, to any other person the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication, knowing or having reason to know that the information was obtained through violation of this Article; or
- (4) Willfully uses, or endeavors to use, the contents of any wire or oral communication, knowing or having reason to know that the information was obtained through the interception of a wire or oral communication in violation of this Article.

§ 15A-287(b)

It is not unlawful under this Article for any person to:

- (1) Intercept or access an electronic communication made through an electronic communication system that is configured so that the electronic communication is readily accessible to the general public;
- (2) Intercept any radio communication which is transmitted:
  - a. For use by the general public, or that relates to ships, aircraft, vehicles, or persons in distress;
  - b. By any governmental, law enforcement, civil defense, private land mobile, or public safety communication system, including police and fire, readily available to the general public;
  - c. By a station operating on any authorized band within the bands allocated to the amateur, citizens band, or general mobile radio services; or
  - d. By any marine or aeronautical communication system; or
- (3) Intercept any communication in a manner otherwise allowed by Chapter 119 of the United States Code.

**§ 15A-287(c)**

It is not unlawful under this Article for an operator of a switchboard, or an officer, employee, or agent of a provider of electronic communication service, whose facilities are used in the transmission of a wire or electronic communication, to intercept, disclose, or use that communication in the normal course of employment while engaged in any activity that is a necessary incident to the rendition of his or her service or to the protection of the rights or property of the provider of that service, provided that a provider of wire or electronic communication service may not utilize service observing or random monitoring except for mechanical or service quality control checks.

**§ 15A-287(d)**

It is not unlawful under this Article for an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Communications Commission, in the normal course of his employment and in discharge of the monitoring responsibilities exercised by the Commission in the enforcement of Chapter 5 of Title 47 of the United States Code, to intercept a wire or electronic communication, or oral communication transmitted by radio, or to disclose or use the information thereby obtained.

**§ 15A-287(e)****CLASS G FELONY**

Any person who, as a result of the person's official position or employment, has obtained knowledge of the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication lawfully intercepted pursuant to an electronic surveillance order or of the pendency

or existence of or implementation of an electronic surveillance order who shall knowingly and willfully disclose such information for the purpose of hindering or thwarting any investigation or prosecution relating to the subject matter of the electronic surveillance order, except as is necessary for the proper and lawful performance of the duties of his position or employment or as shall be required or allowed by law, shall be guilty of a Class G felony.

§ 15A-287(f)

Any person who shall, knowingly or with gross negligence, divulge the existence of or contents of any electronic surveillance order in a way likely to hinder or thwart any investigation or prosecution relating to the subject matter of the electronic surveillance order or anyone who shall, knowingly or with gross negligence, release the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication intercepted under an electronic surveillance order, except as is necessary for the proper and lawful performance of the duties of his position or employment or as is required or allowed by law, shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 15A-287(g)

Any public officer who shall violate subsection (a) or (d) of this section or who shall knowingly violate subsection (e) of this section shall be removed from any public office he may hold and shall thereafter be ineligible to hold any public office, whether elective or appointed.

END OF SECTION TEXT

APPARATUS FOLLOWS — DERIVED, NOT ENACTED

APPARATUS I  
1 ACT

Amendment lineage

The State prints this history as a single parenthetical at the foot of the section. It is reproduced verbatim in the colophon and unpacked below in order of enactment.

|                                       |      |              |  |                                        |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|------|--------------|--|----------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| <div><div></div><div>1995</div></div> |      |              |  | <div><div></div><div>1996</div></div>  |  |  |  |
| TICK HEIGHT = ACTS IN THAT YEAR       |      |              |  | DASHED = RECODIFICATION, NOT AMENDMENT |  |  |  |
| Nº                                    | YEAR | ACT          |  | CHARACTER                              |  |  |  |
| 01                                    | 1995 | c. 407, s. 1 |  | ENACTED                                |  |  |  |

## APPARATUS III

## Citation

## FULL SECTION

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 15A-287 (1995).

## PINPOINT

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 15A-287(a) (1995).

Pinpoint keys are set in the left margin of the text rather than line numbers: subsection designators are stable across editions and paper sizes, line numbers are not.

## COLOPHON

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HISTORY PARENTHETICAL, AS PRINTED BY THE STATE  
(1995, c. 407, s. 1.)

SET IN SPECTRAL AND ARCHIVO  
NORTH CAROLINA LAW — STATUTE EXPORT, FORMAT V1

