



CHAPTER 130A
ARTICLE 4 - VITAL STATISTICS

N.C.G.S. § 130A-101.

Birth registration.

SOURCE General Statutes of North Carolina, as published by the General Assembly	LAST AMENDMENT IN THIS TEXT S.L. 2025-75, s. 4 — nineteenth act in the lineage	RETRIEVED 21 September 2026, 04:50 UTC	SOURCE FINGERPRINT 967651bfce3947847543b74d - e1cfeb9588aeb1bc3bbbc9a9 - f1204cfe3f72f63b
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- § 130A-101(a)

A certificate of birth for each live birth, regardless of the gestation period, which occurs in this State shall be filed with the local registrar of the county in which the birth occurs within 10 days after the birth and shall be registered by the registrar if it has been completed and filed in accordance with this Article and the rules.
- § 130A-101(b)

When a birth occurs in a hospital or other medical facility, the person in charge of the facility shall obtain the personal data, prepare the certificate, secure the signatures required by the certificate and file it with the local registrar within 10 days after the birth. The physician or other person in attendance shall provide the medical information required by the certificate.
- § 130A-101(c)

When a birth occurs outside a hospital or other medical facility, the certificate shall be prepared and filed by one of the following in the indicated order of priority:

(1)

The physician in attendance at or immediately after the birth, or in the absence of such a person;

(2)

Any other person in attendance at or immediately after the birth, or in the absence of such a person;

(3)

The father, the mother or, in the absence or inability of the father and the mother, the person in charge of the premises where the birth occurred.
- § 130A-101(d)

When a birth occurs on a moving conveyance and the child is first moved from the conveyance in this State, the birth shall be registered in the county where the child

is first removed from the conveyance, and that place shall be considered the place of birth.

§ 130A-101(e)

If the mother was married at the time of either conception or birth, or between conception and birth, the name of the husband shall be entered on the certificate as the father of the child, except as provided in this subsection. The surname of the child shall be the same as that of the husband, except that upon agreement of the husband and mother, or upon agreement of the mother and father if paternity has been otherwise determined, any surname may be chosen. The name of the putative father shall be entered on the certificate as the father of the child if one of the following conditions exists:

- (1) Paternity has been otherwise determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, in which case the name of the father as determined by the court shall be entered.
- (2) The child's mother, mother's husband, and putative father complete an affidavit acknowledging paternity that contains all of the following:
 - a.A sworn statement by the mother consenting to the assertion of paternity by the putative father and declaring that the putative father is the child's natural father.
 - b.A sworn statement by the putative father declaring that he believes he is the natural father of the child.
 - c.A sworn statement by the mother's husband consenting to the assertion of paternity by the putative father.
 - d.Information explaining in plain language the effect of signing the affidavit, including a statement of parental rights and responsibilities and an acknowledgment of the receipt of this information.
 - e.The social security numbers of the putative father, mother, and mother's husband.
 - f.The results of a DNA test that has confirmed the paternity of the putative father.

§ 130A-101(f)

If the mother was unmarried at all times from date of conception through date of birth, the name of the father shall not be entered on the certificate unless the child's mother and father complete an affidavit acknowledging paternity which contains the following:

- (1) A sworn statement by the mother consenting to the assertion of paternity by the father and declaring that the father is the child's natural father and that the mother was unmarried at all times from the date of conception through the date of birth;
- (2) A sworn statement by the father declaring that he believes he is the natural father of the child;
- (3) Information explaining in plain language the effect of signing the affidavit, including a statement of parental rights and responsibilities and an acknowledgment of the receipt of this information; and
- (4) The social security numbers of both parents.

The State Registrar, in consultation with the Child Support Enforcement Section of the Division of Social Services, shall develop and disseminate a form affidavit for use in compliance with this section, together with an information sheet that contains all the information required to be disclosed by subdivision (3) of this subsection.

Upon the execution of the affidavit, the declaring father shall be listed as the father on the birth certificate, subject to the declaring father's right to rescind under G.S. 110-132. The executed affidavit shall be filed with the registrar along with the birth certificate. In the event paternity is properly placed at issue, a certified copy of the affidavit shall be admissible in any action to establish paternity. The surname of the child shall be determined by the mother, except if the father's name is entered on the certificate, the mother and father shall agree upon the child's surname. If there is no agreement, the child's surname shall be the same as that of the mother.

§ 130A-101(g) Each parent shall provide his or her social security number to the person responsible for preparing and filing the certificate of birth.

§ 130A-101(h) When a birth occurs, the person responsible for preparing the birth certificate under this section shall provide the mother, father, or legal guardian of the child with information about how to request a protected consumer security freeze for the child under G.S. 75-63.1 and the potential benefits of doing so.

END OF SECTION TEXT

APPARATUS FOLLOWS — DERIVED, NOT ENACTED

1913 1969 2025

TICK HEIGHT = ACTS IN THAT YEAR DASHED = RECODIFICATION, NOT AMENDMENT

Nº	YEAR	ACT	CHARACTER
01	1913	c. 109, s. 13	ENACTED
02	1915	c. 85, s. 1	AMENDED
03	C.S.	s. 7010	RECODIFIED
04	1957	c. 1357, s. 1	AMENDED
05	1969	c. 1031, s. 1	AMENDED
06	1979	c. 95, s. 4	AMENDED
07	1979	c. 417	AMENDED
08	1983	c. 891, s. 2	AMENDED
09	1989	c. 199, ss. 1, 2	AMENDED
10	1989	1989 (Reg. Sess., 1990), c. 1004, s. 6	AMENDED
11	1993	c. 333, s. 1	AMENDED
12	1995	c. 428, s. 1	AMENDED
13	1997	S.L. 1997-433, s. 4.12	AMENDED
14	1998	S.L. 1998-17, s. 1	AMENDED
15	2005	S.L. 2005-389, s. 4	AMENDED
16	2009	S.L. 2009-285, s. 1	AMENDED
17	2013	S.L. 2013-378, s. 8	AMENDED
18	2015	S.L. 2015-193, s. 4	AMENDED
19	2025	S.L. 2025-75, s. 4	AMENDED

Authorities referenced

REFERENCE	APPEARS IN	OPERATIVE LANGUAGE IN THIS SECTION
G.S. 110-132	(f)	"declaring father's right to rescind under"

G.S. 75-63.1

(h)

"security freeze for the child under"

APPARATUS III

Citation

FULL SECTION

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 130A-101 (2025).

PINPOINT

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 130A-101(a) (2025).

Pinpoint keys are set in the left margin of the text rather than line numbers: subsection designators are stable across editions and paper sizes, line numbers are not.

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HISTORY PARENTHETICAL, AS PRINTED BY THE STATE

(1913, c. 109, s. 13; 1915, c. 85, s. 1; C.S., s. 7010; 1957, c. 1357, s. 1; 1969, c. 1031, s. 1; 1979, c. 95, s. 4; c. 417; 1983, c. 891, s. 2; 1989, c. 199, ss. 1, 2; 1989 (Reg. Sess., 1990), c. 1004, s. 6; 1993, c. 333, s. 1; 1995, c. 428, s. 1; 1997-433, s. 4.12; 1998-17, s. 1; 2005-389, s. 4; 2009-285, s. 1; 2013-378, s. 8; 2015-193, s. 4; 2025-75, s. 4.)

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